

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/532,827	04/26/2005	Naoki Hasc	052478	8889		
38834 7590 10/22/2007 WESTERMAN, HATTORI, DANIELS & ADRIAN, LLP 1250 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, NW			EXAM	EXAMINER		
			. GOFF II, JOHN L			
SUITE 700 WASHINGTO	N, DC 20036	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
			1791			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			10/22/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)			
10/532,827	HASE ET AL.	HASE ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit			
John L. Goff	1733			

		1	Į.
	John L. Goff	1733	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the d	correspondence ad	dress
THE REPLY FILED 04 October 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in (fidavit, or other evide compliance with 37 C	nce, which CFR 41.31; or (3)
a) \boxtimes The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailin	g date of the final reject	tion.
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	06.07(f).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropinally set in the final Of	riate extension fee fice action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed.	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of t	
AMENDMENTS The proposed are addressed of the desired and the second of the second of the second of the desired and the second of the desired and the second of the	bankan da kan da ka	20 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4	
 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) 	nsideration and/or search (see NO		pecause
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or	•	ducing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)	:	•	
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s).	llowable if submitted in a separate,	timely filed amendm	ent canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:	•	li be entered and an	explanation of
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	•		
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome all rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fa	ils to provide a
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attac	hed.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowa	ince because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). 13. Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
		John L. Goff Primary Examiner Art Unit: 1791	

Application/Control Number: 10/532,827

Art Unit: 1733

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicants argue, "Iizuka discloses a batch-wise laminating method which is a non-analogous process from the continuous lamination as recited in the claims. Additionally, the curl or dimensional change of the laminate in Iizuka is different from the "end waviness" in the present invention. The continuous lamination process is performed in a roll to roll process as shown in the drawing, and the "end waviness" results from the plastic deformation caused by take-up tension which can not exist in Iizuka. In Iizuka, the curl or dimensional change of the laminate is caused by residual strain in the laminate.".

Hase et al. and Iizuka et al. are considered analogous as both are directed to producing a laminate of the same type through similar processes including cooling the laminate wherein Iizuka et al. disclose more cooling at the center portion of the laminate as compared to the ends to prevent wrinkling the laminate during cooling the cooling in this manner not described as specific to a continuous or discontinuous process such that cooling in this manner in Hase et al. would prevent wrinkling the laminate formed by Hase et al. As to applicants argument that "the curl or dimensional change of the laminate in Iizuka is different from the "end waviness" in the present invention" the claims are not commensurate in scope with this argument.

Applicants further argue, "Applicants respectfully submit that the English translation abstract of Okochi provided with the Office Action is inaccurate. Okochi discloses that the temperature at the center of the steel sheet is at most 60°C lower than both ends, (Okochi, claim 1), and at most 30°C higher than both ends, (Okochi, claim 2). (See enclosed translation of Okochi.) Thus, in Okochi, the temperature at the ends is controlled to -30°C to about +60°C relative to the center. Therefore, Okochi does not disclose controlling the temperature in a width

Art Unit: 1733

direction of the laminate in a cooling process after the lamination so that the temperature of the ends of the laminate is the same as or higher than that of the center portion.".

It is noted the translation submitted by applicants is not verified/certified and an oral translation of claims 1 and 2 indicates the claims disclose the method is for preventing wrinkling of the steel sheet which language is not included in the translation supplied by applicant. Furthermore, the disclosure in the specification of Figure 2 appears to disclose that cooling nozzles (4 of Figure 2) include more cooling air holes (5 of Figure 2) at the center of the steel sheet than at the edges to provide more cooling at the center. Additionally, the abstract as applied in the rejection heading has a publication date of 1992 and is available as prior art. In any event, the translation of claim 1 as supplied by applicants supports the original reason for which Okochi et al. is provided, i.e. as evidence that it is well taken in the art of cooling a heated metallic sheet, e.g. steel, by contacting the sheet with a cooling substrate that cooling is performed by controlling the temperature in a width direction of the laminate to provide more cooling at the center of the sheet and less cooling at the ends of the sheet to prevent the sheet from wrinkling wherein the temperature difference is as much as 60 °C. Thus, the arguments are not persuasive and the rejection is maintained.

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1791